WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2021

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2021

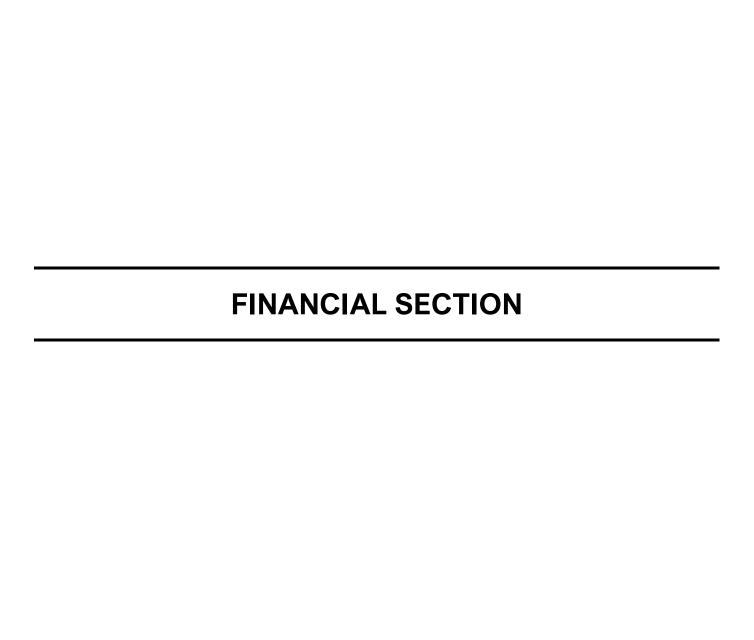
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Christy White, Inc.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2022, on our consideration of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California January 18, 2022

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

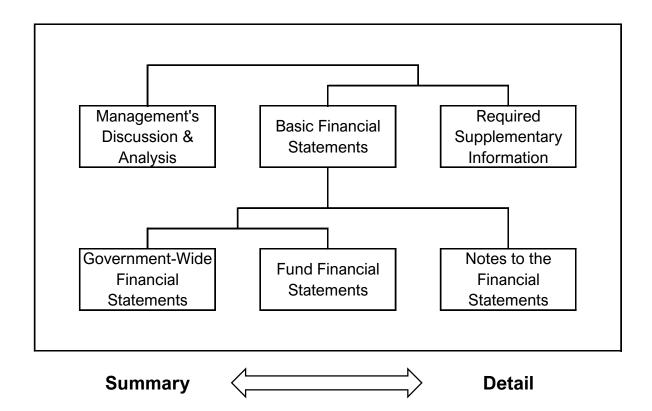
Our discussion and analysis of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position was \$(14,249,583) at June 30, 2021. This was an increase of \$1,319,321 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$48,708,952 which exceeded expenses of \$47,389,631.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$(14,249,583) at June 30, 2021, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(32,356,834) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities									
		2021		2020	N	et Change				
ASSETS										
Current and other assets	\$	39,456,175	\$	32,491,664	\$	6,964,511				
Capital assets		61,194,558		48,201,802		12,992,756				
Total Assets		100,650,733		80,693,466		19,957,267				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		10,451,126		10,733,738		(282,612)				
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities		5,922,458		4,558,871		1,363,587				
Long-term liabilities		115,619,577		98,303,184		17,316,393				
Total Liabilities		121,542,035		102,862,055		18,679,980				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,809,407		4,134,053		(324,646)				
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		8,496,338		6,959,153		1,537,185				
Restricted		9,610,913		8,971,999		638,914				
Unrestricted		(32,356,834)		(31,500,056)		(856,778)				
Total Net Position	\$	(14,249,583)	\$	(15,568,904)	\$	1,319,321				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities								
	2021			2020	N	et Change			
REVENUES									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$	1,116,614	\$	2,057,718	\$	(941,104)			
Operating grants and contributions		7,276,066		5,111,421		2,164,645			
General revenues									
Property taxes		34,286,069		33,982,915		303,154			
Unrestricted federal and state aid		3,910,539		4,097,781		(187,242)			
Other		2,119,664		518,733		1,600,931			
Total Revenues		48,708,952		45,768,568		2,940,384			
EXPENSES									
Instruction		26,973,559		28,036,841		(1,063,282)			
Instruction-related services		5,744,390		5,792,996		(48,606)			
Pupil services		2,990,690		3,607,102		(616,412)			
General administration		2,965,755		2,657,780		307,975			
Plant services		3,675,835		3,778,618		(102,783)			
Debt service		2,267,518		1,684,446		583,072			
Depreciation		2,771,884		2,696,941		74,943			
Total Expenses		47,389,631		48,254,724		(865,093)			
Change in net position		1,319,321		(2,486,156)		3,805,477			
Net Position - Beginning		(15,568,904)		(13,082,748)		(2,486,156)			
Net Position - Ending	\$	(14,249,583)	\$	(15,568,904)	\$	1,319,321			

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$47,389,631 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$34,286,069 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services								
		2021		2020					
Instruction	\$	21,156,188	\$	22,658,987					
Instruction-related services		5,053,042		5,410,947					
Pupil services		1,451,617		2,322,866					
General administration		2,793,985		2,592,730					
Plant services		3,502,717		3,762,862					
Debt service		2,267,518		1,684,446					
Depreciation		2,771,884		2,696,941					
Other		-		(44,194)					
Total	\$	38,996,951	\$	41,085,585					

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$38,128,328 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$28,519,765. The District's General Fund had \$2,651,884 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's Building Fund had \$13,395,544 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021, but experienced a net increase in fund balance of \$6,604,456 due to the receipt of \$20,000,000 in proceeds from a bond issuance. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$248,662 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2021, but experienced a net increase in fund balance of \$1,168,553 due to the receipt of the bond issuance premium.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2020-2021

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a periodic basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2020-2021 the District had invested \$61,194,558 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Governmental Activities									
	2021		2020	Net Change					
\$	2,738,587	\$	2,738,587	\$	-				
	19,934,005		5,205,439		14,728,566				
	19,074,335		19,074,335		-				
	62,267,755		62,115,755		152,000				
	2,743,170		1,859,096		884,074				
	(45,563,294)		(42,791,410)		(2,771,884)				
\$	61,194,558	\$	48,201,802	\$	12,992,756				
		\$ 2,738,587 19,934,005 19,074,335 62,267,755 2,743,170 (45,563,294)	\$ 2,738,587 \$ 19,934,005 19,074,335 62,267,755 2,743,170 (45,563,294)	2021 2020 \$ 2,738,587 \$ 2,738,587 19,934,005 5,205,439 19,074,335 19,074,335 62,267,755 62,115,755 2,743,170 1,859,096 (45,563,294) (42,791,410)	2021 2020 N \$ 2,738,587 \$ 2,738,587 \$ 19,934,005 5,205,439 \$ 19,074,335 \$ 19,074,335 \$ 62,267,755 \$ 62,115,755 \$ 2,743,170 \$ 1,859,096 \$ (45,563,294) \$ (42,791,410)				

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$115,619,577 in long-term liabilities, an increase of 22.08% from last year – as shown in the table below. The primary reason for this increase was the issuance of \$20,000,000 in Election 2016, Series C general obligation bonds. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities									
		2021		2020	Net Change					
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES										
Total general obligation bonds	\$	73,039,288	\$	54,979,261	\$	18,060,027				
Compensated absences		120,522		113,005		7,517				
Net OPEB liability		3,973,797		3,327,673		646,124				
Net pension liability		42,384,201		39,883,245		2,500,956				
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(3,898,231)		(3,596,533)		(301,698)				
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	115,619,577	\$	94,706,651	\$	20,912,926				

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its March 2021 and June 2021 quarterly reports, the UCLA Anderson Forecast anticipated a robust recovery from the COVID-19–induced recession that began in March 2020. However, in its September 2021 quarterly report, hopes for blockbuster economic growth have been tempered by the spread of the COVID-19 delta variant and stagnating vaccination rates, which in turn have led to consumer caution and supply constraints. As a result, what could have been a couple of years of blockbuster economic performance will now likely feature solid but unspectacular growth. The economy is currently down 5.3 million payroll jobs from its pre-COVID peak, and there is little evidence to suggest that the expiration of enhanced unemployment benefits will lead to a surge in job applications.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. Governor Gavin Newsom's "California Comeback Plan" includes a mix of ongoing and one-time investments of \$100 billion made possible by an unanticipated surge in state revenues and robust federal stimulus funding.

Landmark legislation passed in year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per-pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low-income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS); and (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The May 2021 Budget Revision provides additional funding to further reduce the funding deferrals that were included in the 2020-21 Enacted Budget. The Governor's Budget in January proposed paying down \$9.2 billion of the K–12 deferrals. The May 2021 Budget Revision proposes paying down an additional \$1.1 billion, leaving a balance of \$2.6 billion at the end of the 2021–22 fiscal year.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2021. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. Beginning in 2021-22, the CalSTRS Board has limited authority to increase or decrease rates by a maximum of 1% annually (not to exceed 20.25% of creditable compensation), the projected employer contribution rate for 2021-22 is 16.92%. The CalPERS Board adopted an employer contribution rate of 22.91% for 2021-22. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2021-22 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Chief Business Official at Walnut Creek School District, 960 Ygnacio Valley Road, Walnut Creek, California, 94597.

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 36,292,104
Accounts receivable	3,149,154
Inventory	14,917
Capital assets, not depreciated	22,672,592
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	38,521,966
Total Assets	100,650,733
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	9,340,883
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,110,243
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,451,126
LIABILITIES	
Deficit cash	28,812
Accrued liabilities	1,888,261
Unearned revenue	107,154
Long-term liabilities, current portion	3,898,231
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	115,619,577
Total Liabilities	121,542,035
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	3,742,385
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	67,022
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,809,407
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	8,496,338
Restricted:	0, 100,000
Capital projects	3,148,503
Debt service	4,978,238
Educational programs	1,366,972
Food service	117,200
Unrestricted	(32,356,834)
Total Net Position	\$ (14,249,583)

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Program	Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
			C	harges for	(Operating Grants and		overnmental
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions		Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$	26,973,559	\$	1,087,906	\$	4,729,465	\$	(21,156,188)
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		1,607,304		19,001		151,522		(1,436,781)
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,097,335		6,809		202,824		(887,702)
School site administration		3,039,751		-		311,192		(2,728,559)
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		41,869		-		11,345		(30,524)
Food services		941,979		-		994,257		52,278
All other pupil services		2,006,842		-		533,471		(1,473,371)
General administration								
Centralized data processing		43,636		-		-		(43,636)
All other general administration		2,922,119		2,898		168,872		(2,750,349)
Plant services		3,675,835		-		173,118		(3,502,717)
Interest on long-term debt		2,267,518		-		-		(2,267,518)
Depreciation (unallocated)		2,771,884		-		-		(2,771,884)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	47,389,631	\$	1,116,614	\$	7,276,066		(38,996,951)
	Gene	eral revenues						
	Tax	es and subvent	ions					
	Р	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r general purp	oses			27,745,399
	Р	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r debt service				5,088,737
	Р	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r other specifi	c pur	ooses		1,451,933
	F	ederal and state	aid no	t restricted for	spec	ific purposes		3,910,539
	Inte	erest and investi	ment ea	arnings				1,548,239
	Mis	cellaneous						571,425
	Subt	otal, General F	Revenu	е				40,316,272
	CHA	NGE IN NET PO	SITIO	N				1,319,321
	Net I	Position - Begi	nning					(15,568,904)
	Net I	Position - Endir	ng				\$	(14,249,583)

Net (Expenses)

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund Buil		uilding Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund			Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	6,730,795	\$	20,733,608	\$	5,674,618	\$	3,153,083	\$	36,292,104
Accounts receivable		2,930,002		-		-		219,152		3,149,154
Stores inventory		-		-		-		14,917		14,917
Total Assets	\$	9,660,797	\$	20,733,608	\$	5,674,618	\$	3,387,152	\$	39,456,175
LIABILITIES										
Deficit cash	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	28,812	\$	28,812
Accrued liabilities	•	797,778	•	392,540	•	-	•	1,563	•	1,191,881
Unearned revenue		30,997		-		_		76,157		107,154
Total Liabilities		828,775		392,540		-		106,532		1,327,847
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		15,100		-		-		14,917		30,017
Restricted		1,366,972		20,341,068		5,674,618		3,265,703		30,648,361
Assigned		517,844		-		-		-		517,844
Unassigned		6,932,106		-		-		-		6,932,106
Total Fund Balances		8,832,022		20,341,068		5,674,618		3,280,620		38,128,328
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	9,660,797	\$	20,733,608	\$	5,674,618	\$	3,387,152	\$	39,456,175

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total Fund	Dalanca	Governmental	Eundo
Total Fund	Dalance -	Governmentai	runas

\$ 38,128,328

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

Capital assets \$ 106,757,852 Accumulated depreciation (45,563,294)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(696,380)

61,194,558

Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds \$ 73,039,288

Compensated absences \$ 120,522

Net OPEB liability \$ 3,973,797

Net pension liability \$ 42,384,201 (119,517,808)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 9,340,883 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions \$ 3,742,385 \$ 5,598,498

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 1,110,243

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB \$ (67,022) 1,043,221

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ (14,249,583)

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ge	neral Fund	Ві	uilding Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Government Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$	30,916,473	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$,,
Federal sources		2,449,317		-	-	874,	947	3,324,264
Other state sources		5,443,718		-	22,454	72,	584	5,538,756
Other local sources		3,655,325		376,076	5,084,182	1,138,	012	10,253,595
Total Revenues		42,464,833		376,076	5,106,636	2,085,	543	50,033,088
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		26,043,857		-	-		-	26,043,857
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		1,570,867		-	-		-	1,570,867
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,033,030		_	-		-	1,033,030
School site administration		2,692,909		-	-		-	2,692,909
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		41,869		-	-		-	41,869
Food services		48,785		_	-	849.	986	898,771
All other pupil services		1,941,930		_	-	•	-	1,941,930
General administration		, ,						, ,
Centralized data processing		43,636		_	-		_	43,636
All other general administration		2,778,830		_	-		-	2,778,830
Plant services		3,410,284		63,557	-	41,	159	3,515,000
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		206,952		13,548,063	-	2,010,	728	15,765,743
Debt service		,		-,,		,,		-,, -
Principal		_		-	3,383,655		-	3,383,655
Interest and other		_		160,000	1,971,643		-	2,131,643
Total Expenditures	-	39,812,949		13,771,620	5,355,298	2,901,	873	61,841,740
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		· · ·				· · ·		
Over Expenditures		2,651,884		(13,395,544)	(248,662)	(816,	330)	(11,808,652)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		· · ·		, , ,	, ,	,		
Other sources		_		20,000,000	1,417,215		_	21,417,215
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		20,000,000	1,417,215		-	21,417,215
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,651,884		6,604,456	1,168,553	(816,	330)	9,608,563
Fund Balance - Beginning		6,180,138		13,736,612	4,506,065	4,096,	,	28,519,765
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	20,341,068	\$ 5,674,618		620 \$	
	<u> </u>	0,002,022	Ψ	_0,011,000	Ç 0,07 1,010	÷ 0,200,	<u>-υ ψ</u>	00,120,020

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

9,608,563

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 15,764,640

Depreciation expense: (2,771,884) 12,992,756

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

3,383,655

Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(21,417,215)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(109,408)

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(472, 125)

(continued on the following page)

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(7,517)

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(506,050)

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(2,598,996)

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

445,658

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,319,321

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Walnut Creek Elementary School District District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Site Improvements

Estimated Useful Life

7 to 50 Years 5 to 20 Years 14 to 40 Years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Budgetary Data (continued)

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental					
	Activities					
Investment in county treasury*	\$	36,245,092				
Cash on hand and in banks		3,100				
Cash in revolving fund		15,100				
Total	\$	36,263,292				
*net of deficit cash						

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Contra Costa County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$36,299,815 and an amortized book value of \$36,245,092. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 300 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2021, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Contra Costa County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	36,299,815
Total	\$	36,299,815

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

			Go	Governmental				
5	Ge	neral Fund		Funds	Activities			
Federal Government								
Categorical aid	\$	886,550	\$	201,313	\$	1,087,863		
State Government								
Apportionment		836,268		-		836,268		
Categorical aid		953,004		17,773		970,777		
Lottery		230,577		-		230,577		
Local Government								
Other local sources		23,603		66		23,669		
Total	\$	2,930,002	\$	219,152	\$	3,149,154		

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance July 01, 2020			Additions	Deletions	J	Balance une 30, 2021	
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	2,738,587	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,738,587
Construction in progress		5,205,439		14,728,566		-		19,934,005
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		7,944,026		14,728,566		-		22,672,592
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		19,074,335		-		-		19,074,335
Buildings & improvements		62,115,755		152,000		-		62,267,755
Furniture & equipment		1,859,096		884,074		-		2,743,170
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u> </u>	83,049,186		1,036,074		-		84,085,260
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Land improvements		13,134,702		682,378		-		13,817,080
Buildings & improvements		28,744,305		1,906,416		-		30,650,721
Furniture & equipment		912,403		183,090		-		1,095,493
Total Accumulated Depreciation		42,791,410		2,771,884		-		45,563,294
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, net	\$	48,201,802	\$	12,992,756	\$	-	\$	61,194,558

NOTE 5 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major					
Governmental									G	overnmental	
	Gen	eral Fund	d Building Fund			Funds	[District-Wide	Activities		
Payroll	\$	109,167	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	109,167	
Construction		-		392,540		1,480		-		394,020	
Vendors payable		688,611		-		83		-		688,694	
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		696,380		696,380	
Total	\$	797,778	\$	392,540	\$	1,563	\$	696,380	\$	1,888,261	

NOTE 6 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major				
			G	overnmental	G	overnmental		
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds	Activities			
Federal sources	\$	27,383	\$	-	\$	27,383		
State categorical sources		3,614		-		3,614		
Local sources		-		76,157		76,157		
Total	\$	30,997	\$	76,157	\$	107,154		

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

		Balance					Balance		Balance Due
	Ju	ıly 01, 2020	Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2021		In One Year
Governmental Activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	51,773,382	\$ 20,523,470	\$	3,435,000	\$	68,861,852	\$	3,615,000
Unamortized premium		3,205,879	1,417,215		445,658		4,177,436		283,231
Total general obligation bonds		54,979,261	21,940,685		3,880,658		73,039,288		3,898,231
Compensated absences	•	113,005	7,517		-		120,522		-
Net OPEB liability		3,327,673	646,124		-		3,973,797		-
Net pension liability		39,883,245	2,500,956		-		42,384,201		-
Total	\$	98,303,184	\$ 25,095,282	\$	3,880,658	\$	119,517,808	\$	3,898,231

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds

The general obligations bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

						Bonds						Bonds	
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Original Outstanding						0	utstanding	
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 01, 2020			Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2021	
2002 Series D	5/13/2010	2026	4.10% - 4.25%	\$ 2,035,000	\$	2,035,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,035,000	
2002 Series E	5/13/2010	2024	3.00% - 5.625%	1,964,628		2,253,382		523,470		140,000		2,636,852	
2012 Refunding	7/31/2012	2027	4.00% - 4.80%	8,420,000		3,085,000		-		1,090,000		1,995,000	
2015 Refunding	6/11/2015	2031	3.00% - 5.00%	14,030,000		9,900,000		-		1,035,000		8,865,000	
2016 Series A	10/5/2016	2047	3.00% - 5.00%	20,000,000		14,500,000		-		450,000		14,050,000	
2016 Series B	5/21/2019	2044	2.125% - 5.00%	20,000,000		20,000,000		-		720,000		19,280,000	
2016 Series C	10/7/2020	2046	2.00% - 5.00%	20,000,000		-		20,000,000		-		20,000,000	
					\$	51,773,382	\$	20,523,470	\$	3,435,000	\$	68,861,852	

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, including accreted interest, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 3,526,687	\$ 2,061,389	\$ 5,588,076
2023	3,222,389	1,995,510	5,217,899
2024	2,407,318	1,867,609	4,274,927
2025	2,870,000	1,788,561	4,658,561
2026	2,715,000	1,658,724	4,373,724
2027 - 2031	9,130,000	6,971,078	16,101,078
2032 - 2036	9,575,000	5,423,569	14,998,569
2037 - 2041	13,620,000	4,011,712	17,631,712
2042 - 2046	19,210,000	1,848,675	21,058,675
2047	1,410,000	42,300	1,452,300
Accretion	 1,175,458	(1,175,458)	
Total	\$ 68,861,852	\$ 26,493,669	\$ 95,355,521

B. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$120,522. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning net OPEB liability was \$3,327,673 and increased by \$646,124 during the year ended June 30, 2021. The ending net OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was \$3,973,797 which represents the total OPEB liability reported for the District Plan and its proportionate share of the net MPP Program OPEB liability. See Note 9 for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

D. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$39,883,245 and increased by \$2,500,956 during the year ended June 30, 2021. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2021 was \$42,384,201. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 8 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2021:

	General Fund		Bu	ilding Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund			Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Non-spendable										
Revolving cash	\$	15,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=	\$	15,100
Stores inventory		-		-		-		14,917		14,917
Total non-spendable	·	15,100		=		=		14,917		30,017
Restricted										
Educational programs		1,366,972		-		-		-		1,366,972
Food service		-		-		=		117,200		117,200
Capital projects		-		20,341,068		-		3,148,503		23,489,571
Debt service		-		-		5,674,618		=		5,674,618
Total restricted		1,366,972		20,341,068		5,674,618		3,265,703		30,648,361
Assigned	·									_
Other assignments		517,844		-		=		=		517,844
Total assigned		517,844		-		=		=		517,844
Unassigned		6,932,106		-		-		-		6,932,106
Total Fund Balance	\$	8,832,022	\$	20,341,068	\$	5,674,618	\$	3,280,620	\$	38,128,328

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Walnut Creek Elementary School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Walnut Creek Elementary School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

The Medicare Premium Payment Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes of 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program, through the Teachers' Health Benefit Fund. The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the Defined Benefit Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012, and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services on a monthly basis.

B. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – MPP Program

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued the Plan Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting the District.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

C. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

D. Contributions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, the District contributed \$146,093 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

E. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	20
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	282
Total number of participants**	302

^{*}Information not provided

F. Total OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability - District Plan	\$ 3,777,756
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability	 196,041
District's total recorded net OPEB liability	\$ 3,973,797

^{**}As of the June 30, 2019 valuation date

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

G. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

District Plan

Economic assumptions:

Inflation 2.20%
Salary increases 2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates 4.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2009 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2014 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reeducation. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

MPP Plan

Economic assumptions:

Inflation 2.75% Discount rate 2.21%

Medicare cost trend rate 4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality Rates

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.21%. The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as you-go basis as previously noted, and under the pay-as-you-go method, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondybuyer.com as of June 30, 2020, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2020, was 2.21%, which is a decrease of 1.29% from 3.50% as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

H. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Jur	ne 30, 2021
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	391,201
Interest on total OPEB liability		113,272
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,447)
Changes of assumptions		306,312
Benefits payments		(146,093)
Net change in total OPEB liability		663,245
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,114,511
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	3,777,756
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability (b)	\$	196,041
District's total recorded net OPEB liability - ending (a) + (b)	\$	3,973,797
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*

^{*}Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

I. Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease (1.20%)		Valuation scount Rate (2.20%)	19	% Increase (3.20%)
Total OPEB liability - District Plan	\$	3,974,394	\$	3,777,756	\$	3,531,061
	1% Decrease (1.21%)		Dis	scount Rate (2.21%)	19	% Increase (3.21%)
Net OPEB liability - MPP Program	\$	216,778	\$	196,041	\$	178,396

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

J. Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Heal	th Care Cost		
	1%	Decrease (3.00%)		rend Rate (4.00%)		Increase (5.00%)
Total OPEB liability - District Plan	\$	3,579,052	\$	3,777,756	\$	3,995,648
	(3.50	Decrease Reart A and Reart B)	Tı (4.50	licare Costs rend Rate % Part A and 0% Part B)	(5.50	increase % Part A and 0% Part B)
Net OPEB liability - MPP Program	\$	177,757	\$	196,041	\$	217,089

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Walnut Creek Elementary School District recognized OPEB expense of \$595,432. At June 30, 2021, the Walnut Creek Elementary School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	District Plan				MPP Program	
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of R	esources	of R	esources
Differences between projected and						
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	94
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		205,148		1,333		-
Changes in assumptions		835,397		30,599		-
Changes in proportion and differences						
between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		-		-		34,996
District contributions subsequent						
to the measurement date		69,698		-		-
	\$	1,110,243	\$	31,932	\$	35,090

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The \$69,698 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Distric	MPP	Program		
	Defer	red Outflows	Defer	red Inflows	Defer	red Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	of R	esources	of R	esources
2022	\$	94,133	\$	3,174	\$	5,863
2023		94,133		3,174		5,862
2024		94,133		3,174		5,856
2025		94,133		3,174		5,845
2026		94,133		3,174		5,833
Thereafter		569,880		16,062		5,831
	\$	1,040,545	\$	31,932	\$	35,090

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	Net pension liability				Deferred inflows related to pensions		Pension expense	
STRS Pension	\$	31,361,589	\$	7,226,336	\$	3,605,731	\$	4,657,024	
PERS Pension		11,022,612		2,114,547		136,654		1,776,092	
Total	\$	42,384,201	\$	9,340,883	\$	3,742,385	\$	6,433,116	

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2021, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021 was 19.10% of annual payroll reduced to 16.15% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,773,805 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$1,829,614 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

net pension liability	\$ 31,361,589
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	16,166,772
Total	\$ 47,528,361

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.032 percent, which was consistent with its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,657,024. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$505,478 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Differences between expected and	\$	744,971	\$	-
actual experience		55,339		884,450
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		3,058,199		-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent		594,022		2,721,281
to the measurement date		2,773,805		
Total	\$	7,226,336	\$	3,605,731

The \$2,773,805 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources			erred Inflows Resources
2022	\$	614,891	\$	1,036,802
2023		1,323,616		974,669
2024		1,577,333		134,445
2025		842,401		597,957
2026		46,717		562,109
2027		47,573		299,749
Total	\$	4,452,531	\$	3,605,731

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease (6.10%)	Di	scount Rate (7.10%)	Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of	<u> </u>				
the net pension liability	\$	47,382,993	\$	31,361,589	\$ 18,133,664

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021 was 22.68% of annual payroll reduced to 20.70% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). Contributions to the plan from the District were \$1,060,315 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$11,022,612 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.036 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,776,092. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources			
Differences between projected and	/				
actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 229,456	\$	-		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	546,688		-		
Changes in assumptions	40,420		-		
Changes in proportion and differences					
between District contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions	237,668		136,654		
District contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date	1,060,315		-		
Total	\$ 2,114,547	\$	136,654		

The \$1,060,315 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defer	red Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	of R	Resources
2022	\$	520,837	\$	66,681
2023		238,797		36,828
2024		185,028		33,145
2025		109,570		-
Total	\$	1,054,232	\$	136,654

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 through 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (6.15%)	Di:	scount Rate (7.15%)	 Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 15,847,015	\$	11,022,612	\$ 7,018,600

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$8,684,591.

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the East Bay School Insurance Group (EBSIG), Contra Costa County School Insurance Group (CCCSIG), and the Schools Self Insurance of Contra Costa County (SSICCC) public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. Payments for property and liabilities are paid to the EBSIG, payments for workers' compensation are paid to CCCSIG, and payments for dental and vision are paid to SSICCC. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPAs are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

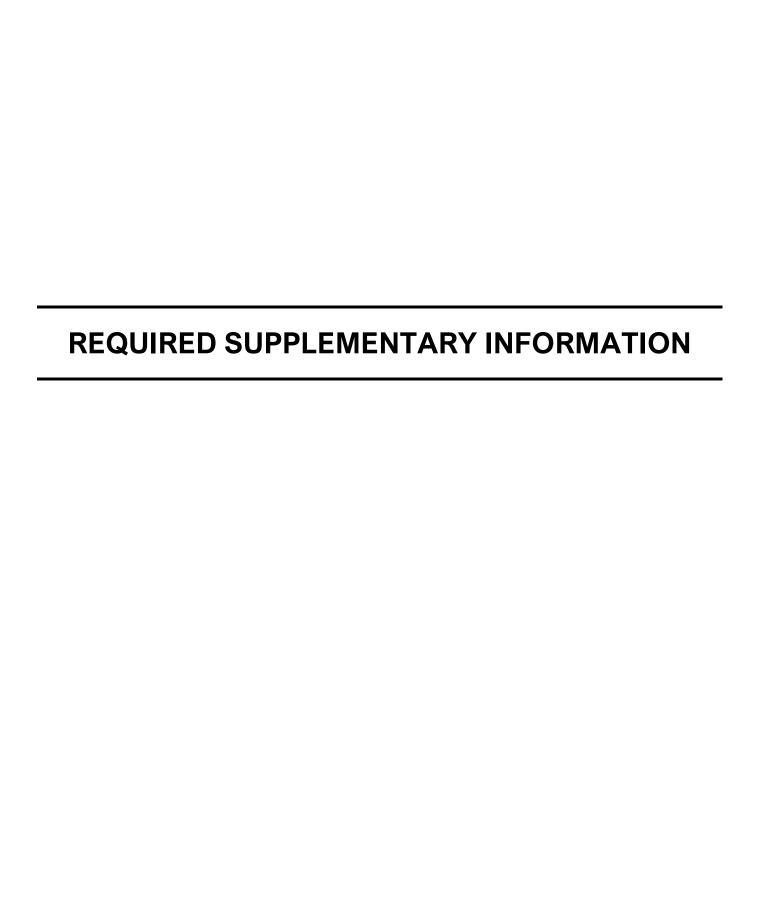
NOTE 13 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2021, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$9,340,883 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$3,742,385.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 9. At June 30, 2021, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,110,243 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$67,022.



WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual*	Variances -			
	Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Fina	al to Actual		
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$ 29,799,503	\$	31,611,217	\$	30,916,473	\$	(694,744)		
Federal sources	1,182,274		1,842,105		2,449,317		607,212		
Other state sources	2,826,735		2,788,448		5,607,324		2,818,876		
Other local sources	3,114,786		3,536,160		3,646,548		110,388		
Total Revenues	36,923,298		39,777,930		42,619,662		2,841,732		
EXPENDITURES									
Certificated salaries	17,487,660		17,697,284		18,027,464		(330,180)		
Classified salaries	5,025,012		5,203,517		5,468,458		(264,941)		
Employee benefits	8,156,604		8,374,781		7,564,823		809,958		
Books and supplies	947,648		2,441,680		2,025,625		416,055		
Services and other operating expenditures	4,744,618		6,170,359		5,782,290		388,069		
Capital outlay	-		-		206,952		(206,952)		
Total Expenditures	36,361,542		39,887,621		39,075,612		812,009		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	561,756		(109,691)		3,544,050		3,653,741		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	65,000		65,000		65,000		-		
Transfers out	(70,000)		(187,321)		-		187,321		
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,000)		(122,321)		65,000		187,321		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	556,756		(232,012)		3,609,050		3,841,062		
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,320,054		5,050,189		4,349,016	6 (701,173)			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,876,810	\$	4,818,177	\$	7,958,066	\$	3,139,889		

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- Adjustments to on-behalf payments of \$737,337 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.
- The schedule above does include the audit adjustment to the ELO grant disclosed in the Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – DISTRICT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Jur	ne 30, 2020	Jur	ne 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	391,201	\$	236,570	\$	240,841	\$	234,395
Interest on total OPEB liability		113,272		78,809		71,820		58,514
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,447)		233,484		-		-
Changes of assumptions		306,312		655,428		(39,779)		-
Benefits payments		(146,093)		(90,834)		(82,791)		(79,607)
Net change in total OPEB liability		663,245		1,113,457		190,091		213,302
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,114,511		2,001,054		1,810,963		1,597,661
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	3,777,756	\$	3,114,511	\$	2,001,054	\$	1,810,963
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability (b)	\$	196,041	\$	213,162	\$	221,456	\$	243,406
District's total recorded net OPEB liability - ending (a) + (b)	\$	3,973,797	\$	3,327,673	\$	2,222,510	\$	2,054,369
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*

^{*}Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – MPP PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(Dollars in thousands, except for District's proportionate share.)

	June	e 30, 2021	Jun	e 30, 2020	June	e 30, 2019	June	e 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability								
Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	12,457	\$	14,225	\$	14,567	\$	12,928
Difference between expected and actual experience		(4,288)		(10,605)		(15,759)		(41)
Changes of assumptions		70,417		12,111		(10,293)		(31,240)
Benefits payments		(27,217)		(27,546)		(28,036)		(28,929)
Net change in total OPEB liability		51,369		(11,815)		(39,521)		(47,282)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		369,413		381,228		420,749		468,031
Total OPEB liability - ending		420,782		369,413		381,228		420,749
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	27,685	\$	27,977	\$	28,218	\$	29,117
Net investment income		25		29		18		11
Benefit payments		(27,217)		(27,546)		(28,036)		(28,929)
Administrative expenses		(512)		(1,902)		(578)		(168)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(19)		(1,442)		(378)		31
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning, as previously reported		(2,984)		(1,542)		41		10
Adjustment for application of new GASB statement		-		-		(1,205)		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning, adjusted		(2,984)		(1,542)	-	(1,164)		10
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	(3,003)	\$	(2,984)	\$	(1,542)	\$	41
MPP Program Net OPEB liability	\$	423,785	\$	372,397	\$	382,770	\$	420,708
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	196,041	\$	213,162	\$	221,456	\$	243,406
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-0.71%		-0.81%		-0.40%		0.01%
Covered-employee payroll*		*		*		*		*
, , , ,								
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		*		*		*		*

^{*}As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	_Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.032%		0.032%		0.032%		0.033%		0.031%		0.034%		0.032%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	31,361,589	\$	29,223,903	\$	29,625,112	\$	30,402,329	\$	25,337,613	\$	26,093,373	\$	18,907,831
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		16,166,772		15,943,590		16,961,762		17,985,761		14,424,251		13,800,518		11,417,365
Total	\$	47,528,361	\$	45,167,493	\$	46,586,874	\$	48,388,090	\$	39,761,864	\$	39,893,891	\$	30,325,196
District's covered payroll	\$	17,521,977	\$	17,392,310	\$	17,299,813	\$	16,435,596	\$	16,811,678	\$	15,699,493	\$	16,031,578
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		179.0%		168.0%		171.2%		185.0%		150.7%		166.2%		117.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.036%		0.037%		0.039%		0.034%		0.030%		0.029%		0.032%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,022,612	\$	10,659,342	\$	10,328,288	\$	8,129,720	\$	5,896,190	\$	4,324,081	\$	3,660,454
District's covered payroll	\$	5,300,857	\$	5,224,842	\$	5,271,167	\$	4,336,917	\$	3,938,702	\$	3,330,669	\$	3,518,453
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		207.9%		204.0%		195.9%		187.5%		149.7%		129.8%		104.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Jur	ne 30, 2021	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		Jui	ne 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,773,805	\$	2,996,258	\$	2,831,468	\$	2,496,363	\$	2,067,598	\$	1,803,893	\$	1,394,115
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(2,773,805)		(2,996,258)		(2,831,468)		(2,496,363)		(2,067,598)		(1,803,893)		(1,394,115)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	17,175,268	\$	17,521,977	\$	17,392,310	\$	17,299,813	\$	16,435,596	\$	16,811,678	\$	15,699,493
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.15%		17.10%		16.28%		14.43%		12.58%		10.73%		8.88%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Jur	ne 30, 2020	Jur	ne 30, 2019	Jun	e 30, 2018	Jur	ne 30, 2017	Jur	e 30, 2016	Jun	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,060,315	\$	1,045,382	\$	943,711	\$	818,665	\$	602,311	\$	466,618	\$	392,053
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(1,060,315)		(1,045,382)		(943,711)		(818,665)		(602,311)		(466,618)		(392,053)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,122,301	\$	5,300,857	\$	5,224,842	\$	5,271,167	\$	4,336,917	\$	3,938,702	\$	3,330,669
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		20.70%		19.72%		18.06%		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.77%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate assumption decreased from 3.50% to 2.20% since the prior measurement.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - MPP Program

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the net OPEB liability, and the components of the net OPEB liability and related ratios, including the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate used for 2020 financial reporting was 2.21%, a decrease from the rate of 3.50% used for 2019 financial reporting.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

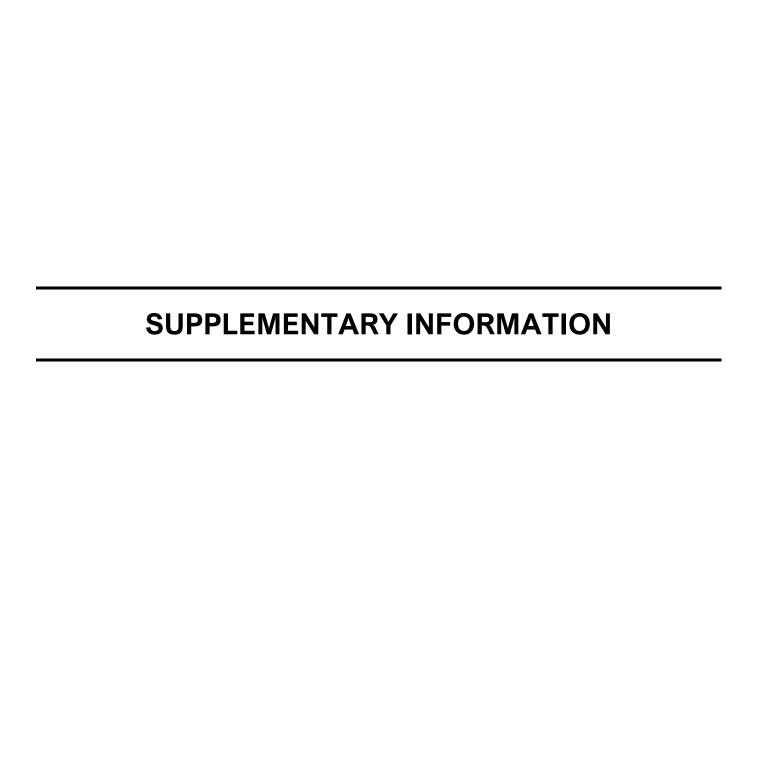
Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code.

	Expenditures and Other Uses							
	Budget				Excess			
General Fund								
Certificated salaries	\$ 17,697,284	\$	18,027,464	\$	330,180			
Classified salaries	\$ 5,203,517	\$	5,468,458	\$	264,941			
Capital outlay	\$ -	\$	206,952	\$	206,952			



WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fodoval Crantov/Doco Through Crantov/Droguen or Chiefen	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity	Federal Expenditures
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:	Number	Identifying Number	Expenditures
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 99,948
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	43,859
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	35,706
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	12,218
Special Education Cluster	01.121	10000	12,210
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	669,467
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	39,964
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	24,380
Subtotal Special Education Cluster	01.110	10100	733,811
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants:			
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517	162,844
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	148,980
Child Nutrition: COVID CARES Act Supplemental Meal Reimbursement	84.425	15535	184,567
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants			496,391
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,421,933
·			
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO:			
Child Nutrition Cluster [1]			
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525	271,077
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	2,737
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	544,695
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	56,438
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			874,947
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			874,947
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:			
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF): Learning Loss Mitigation [1]	21.019	25516	1,027,384
Total U. S. Department of the Treasury			1,027,384
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 3,324,264

^{[1] -} Major Program

^{[2] -} In-Kind Contribution
* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2020-21 Number	
Grade Level	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	180	Complied
Grade 1	180	Complied
Grade 2	180	Complied
Grade 3	180	Complied
Grade 4	180	Complied
Grade 5	180	Complied
Grade 6	180	Complied
Grade 7	180	Complied
Grade 8	180	Complied

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	20)22 (Budget)	2021	2020	2019
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	39,499,232	\$ 42,684,662	\$ 37,954,775	\$ 39,667,250
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		40,466,857	39,075,612	37,958,840	39,892,976
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(967,625)	\$ 3,609,050	\$ (4,065)	\$ (225,726)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	6,990,441	\$ 7,958,066	\$ 6,180,138	\$ 6,184,203
Available Reserves*	_\$	6,107,617	\$ 6,932,106	\$ 5,182,287	\$ 5,612,243
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		15.09%	17.74%	13.65%	14.07%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	115,619,577	\$ 119,517,808	\$ 98,303,184	\$ 101,072,524
Average Daily					
Attendance At P-2***		3,260	3,444	3,444	3,388

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$1,773,863 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2021-22 budget projects a decrease of \$967,625. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2021-22 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$18,445,284 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 56 ADA over the past two years. A decrease of 184 ADA is anticipated during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. In addition, adjustments to onbehalf payments and ELO grant revenue are not reflected in the schedule above.

^{***}Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Fund for Ot General Than Capit			ecial Reserve nd for Other
				tlay Projects
June 30, 2021, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	7,958,066	\$	1,774,899
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) grant adjustment		(900,943)		-
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		1,774,899		(1,774,899)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		873,956		(1,774,899)
June 30, 2021, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	8,832,022	\$	-

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

	Cafe	eteria Fund	Cap	oital Facilities Fund	Fun	cial Reserve d for Capital lay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS						-	
Cash and investments	\$	3,100	\$	2,755,613	\$	394,370	\$ 3,153,083
Accounts receivable		219,152		-		-	219,152
Stores inventory		14,917		-		-	14,917
Total Assets	\$	237,169	\$	2,755,613	\$	394,370	\$ 3,387,152
LIABILITIES							
Deficit cash	\$	28,812	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 28,812
Accrued liabilities		83		-		1,480	1,563
Unearned revenue		76,157		-		-	76,157
Total Liabilities		105,052		-		1,480	106,532
FUND BALANCES							
Non-spendable		14,917		-		-	14,917
Restricted		117,200		2,755,613		392,890	3,265,703
Total Fund Balances		132,117		2,755,613		392,890	3,280,620
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	237,169	\$	2,755,613	\$	394,370	\$ 3,387,152

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Cafe	eteria Fund	Cap	oital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	on-Major vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	874,947	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 874,947
Other state sources		72,584		-	-	72,584
Other local sources		2,956		1,133,020	2,036	1,138,012
Total Revenues		950,487		1,133,020	2,036	2,085,543
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Pupil services						
Food services		849,986		-	-	849,986
Plant services		-		-	41,159	41,159
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		-		1,998,735	11,993	2,010,728
Total Expenditures		849,986		1,998,735	53,152	2,901,873
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		100,501		(865,715)	(51,116)	(816,330)
Fund Balance - Beginning		31,616		3,621,328	444,006	4,096,950
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	132,117	\$	2,755,613	\$ 392,890	\$ 3,280,620

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2021

The Walnut Creek School District was established on November 1, 1860 and consists of an area comprising approximately 25 square miles. The District operates five elementary schools and one intermediate school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Heidi Hernandez Gatty	President	December 2022
Nithin Lyengar	Clerk	December 2022
Elizabeth Bettis	Member	December 2024
Aimee Moss	Member	December 2022
Zetta Reicker	Member	December 2024

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Marie Morgan Superintendent

Vincent Morales
Chief Business Official

Jan Rogenski
Assistant Superintendent of Education Services

Amy Espinoza
Director of Special Services

Ruben Fernandez

Director of Innovation and Technology

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Walnut Creek Elementary School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California January 18, 2022

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Walnut Creek Elementary School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Walnut Creek Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Walnut Creek Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California January 18, 2022

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed by Title 5, *California Code of Regulations*, section 19810 as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Walnut Creek Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Charter Schools	
Independent Study-Course Based; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable
risty White, Inc.	

San Diego, California January 18, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issued:		Ur	modified
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?			No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Non	e Reported
Non-compliance material to financial sta	tements noted?		No
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major program:			
Material weakness(es) identified?			No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Non	e Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:		Ur	modified
Any audit findings disclosed that are rec with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516		No	
Identification of major programs:	n(a):	-	INO
,			
AL Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
21.019	CRF: Learning Loss Mitigation		
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw	veen Type A and Type B programs:	\$	750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			No
CTATE AWARDS			
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over state programs:			NI-
Material weaknesses identified?			No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Para Caratata a sana		e Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compl	liance for state broarams.	ı Ir	modified

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WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FIVE DIGIT CODE20000
30000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2021.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FINDING #2020-001: RESTATEMENT AND MATERIAL AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS (30000) (MATERIAL WEAKNESS)

Criteria: The District is required to provide accurate GAAP basis financial data for the preparation of the annual financial statements. Additionally, a good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for recording, processing and reconciling account balances to the financial statements.

Condition: We identified material misstatements in the District's financial statements causing us to propose audit adjustments as noted on page 77 and beginning balance restatement as noted on page 63 of this report.

Cause: Certain adjustments were overlooked in the closing process and reconciliations of significant account balances were not complete for all financial statement area at the end of the year.

Effect: Management has posted the correcting journal entries for the items noted above.

Recommendation: We recommend management perform reviews during the closing process to ensure all transactions near the end and subsequent to the fiscal year ended are properly accrued in accordance with GAAP.

Corrective Action Plan: The District incorrectly accrued the 2020-21 Learning Loss Mitigation Funds in 2019-20. The instruction from CDE to not recognize the revenues until 2020-21 were overlooked by the Business Department. Moving forward, the District will review all current CDE memo's before processing year-end journal entries.

Bond projects: two 2018-19 invoices totaling \$150,007 were submitted by the vendor after 2018-19 year-end processes have been completed. This resulted in 2018-19 expenditures realized in 2019-20. Moving forward, the District will remind vendors to submit invoices on time. The District will also review unliquidated purchase orders during the year-end closing process.

Current Status: Implemented.